## LTDR Data Format Descriptions (Version 3 Release)

## 1.1 AVH09 Surface Reflectance Product

### **Naming Convention**

The LTDR surface reflectance products in the Version 3 release use the following naming convention:

#### AVH09C1.A1987123.N09.003.2010056111758.hdf

AVH09 identifies the AVHRR land surface reflectance product

C1 indicates compositing interval

C1 = daily product

A1987123 is the year (4-digits) of the observation followed by the day within the year

N09 identifies the satellite, NOAA-7, 9, 11, 14, or 16

identifies the data product version

is the year the data were processed followed by the day within the year

is the hour, minute, and second the data were processed

.hdf indicates the output file is in HDF

#### Scientific Data Sets

The processed AVHRR observations are packaged into separate Scientific Data Sets (SDS) within a single HDF file. All SDS arrays are dimensioned [7200, 3600] to cover the globe at 0.05° spatial resolution in a latitude/longitude Climate Modeling Grid (CMG). The SDS arrays in the surface reflectance product are:

Array Name	Description	Units	Data	Valid Range	Scale	Fill
			Type₁	[low, high]	Factor <sup>2</sup>	Value
SREFL_CH1	Surface reflectance for	Unitless	int16	[-0.1, 1]	10 <sup>4</sup>	-9999
	channel 1 (0.5–0.7 fm)					
SREFL_CH2	Surface reflectance for	Unitless	int16	[-0.1, 1]	10 <sup>4</sup>	-9999
	channel 2 (0.7–1.0 fm)					
SREFL_CH3	Surface reflectance for	Unitless	int16	[-0.1, 1]	10 <sup>4</sup>	-9999
	ch. 3 (~3.55 – 3.93 fm)					
BT_CH3	TOA brightness	Degrees	int16	[varies]	10	-9999
	temperature for channel	Kelvin				
	3 (~3.55 – 3.93 m)					
BT_CH4	TOA brightness	Degrees	int16	[varies]	10	-9999
	temperature for channel	Kelvin				
	4 (10.3 – 11.3 fm)					
BT_CH5	TOA brightness	Degrees	int16	[varies]	10	-9999

	temperature for channel	Kelvin				
	5 (11.5 –12.5 fm)					
SZEN	Solar zenith angle	Degrees	int16	[0°, 90°]	10 <sup>2</sup>	-9999
VZEN	View zenith angle	Degrees	int16	[0°, 90°]	10 <sup>2</sup>	-9999
RELAZ	Relative azimuth	Degrees	int16	[varies]	10 <sup>2</sup>	-9999
QA	Quality Assessment	NA	int16	NA	NA	NA
	Field (see section 1.4)					

#### Notes:

1The data type int16 is a 2-byte integer, containing 16 bits.

2The scale factor is the number the physical value is multiplied by to convert to an integer value, thus to retrieve the physical units from the SDS values **divide** by the given scale factor.

#### 1.2 AVH13 NDVI Product

## **Naming Convention**

The LTDR NDVI products in the Version 2 release use the following naming convention:

#### AVH13C1.A1987123.N09.003.2010056111758.hdf

AVH13 identifies the AVHRR land surface reflectance product

C1 indicates compositing interval

C1 = daily product

A1987123 is the year (4-digits) of the observation followed by the day within the year

N09 identifies the satellite, NOAA-7, 9, 11, 14, or 16

identifies the data product version

is the year the data were processed followed by the day within the year

is the hour, minute, and second the data were processed

.hdf indicates the output file is in HDF

#### **Scientific Data Sets**

The processed AVHRR observations are packaged into separate Scientific Data Sets (SDS) within a single HDF file. All SDS arrays are dimensioned [7200, 3600] to cover the globe at 0.05° spatial resolution in a latitude/longitude Climate Modeling Grid (CMG).

Array Name	Description	Units	Data	Valid	Scale	Fill
			Type₁	Range	Factor <sup>2</sup>	Value
				[low, high]		
NDVI	Normalized Difference	Unitless	int16	[-0.1, 1]	10 <sup>4</sup>	-9999
	Vegetation Index					
QA	Quality Assessment	NA	int16	NA	NA	NA
	Field (see section 1.4)					

#### Notes:

<sup>1</sup>The data type int16 is a 2-byte integer, containing 16 bits.

<sup>2</sup>The scale factor is the number the physical value is multiplied by to convert to an integer value, thus to retrieve the physical units from the SDS values **divide** by the given scale factor.

# 1.3 Quality Assessment Field Description

All LTDR products contain a Quality Assessment (QA) field or SDS. The definition of the QA bits is the same for each product. In the following table the bits are listed from the most significant bit (MSB = bit 15) to the least significant bit (LSB = bit 0):

Bit Number	Description	Meaning
15	Polar flag: latitude > 60° (land) or > 50° (ocean)	1 = yes, 0 = no
14	Desert flag	1 = yes, 0 = no
13	RHO3 value is invalid	1 = yes, 0 = no
12	Channel 5 value is invalid	1 = yes, 0 = no
11	Channel 4 value is invalid	1 = yes, 0 = no
10	Channel 3 value is invalid	1 = yes, 0 = no
9	Channel 2 value is invalid	1 = yes, 0 = no
8	Channel 1 value is invalid	1 = yes, 0 = no
7	Channel 1 - 5 are invalid	NA
6	Pixel is at night (high solar zenith angle)	1 = yes, 0 = no
5	Pixel is over dense dark vegetation	1 = yes, 0 = no
4	Pixel is over sun glint	1 = yes, 0 = no
3	Pixel is over water	1 = yes, 0 = no
2	Pixel contains cloud shadow	1 = yes, 0 = no
1	Pixel is cloudy	1 = yes, 0 = no
0	Pixel is partly cloudy	NA